

INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR VT9621 FUZZY ENHANCED

PID DUAL CHANNEL CONTROLLER

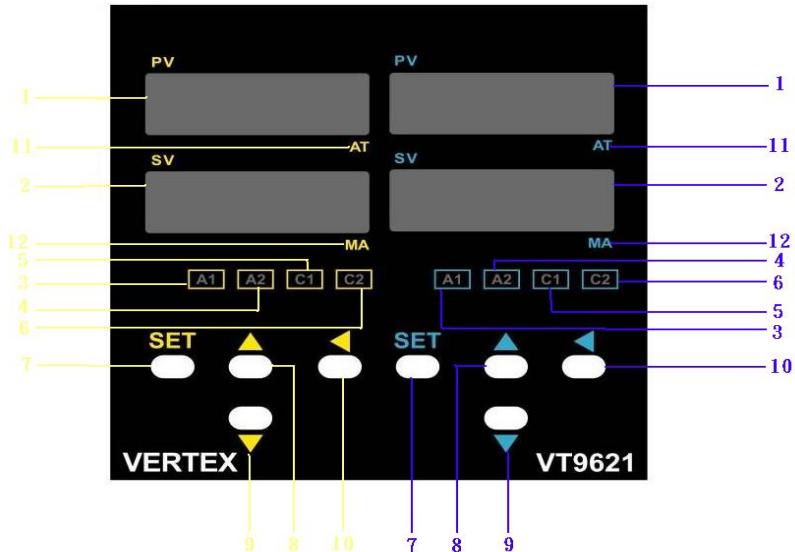


VT 9621

INDEX

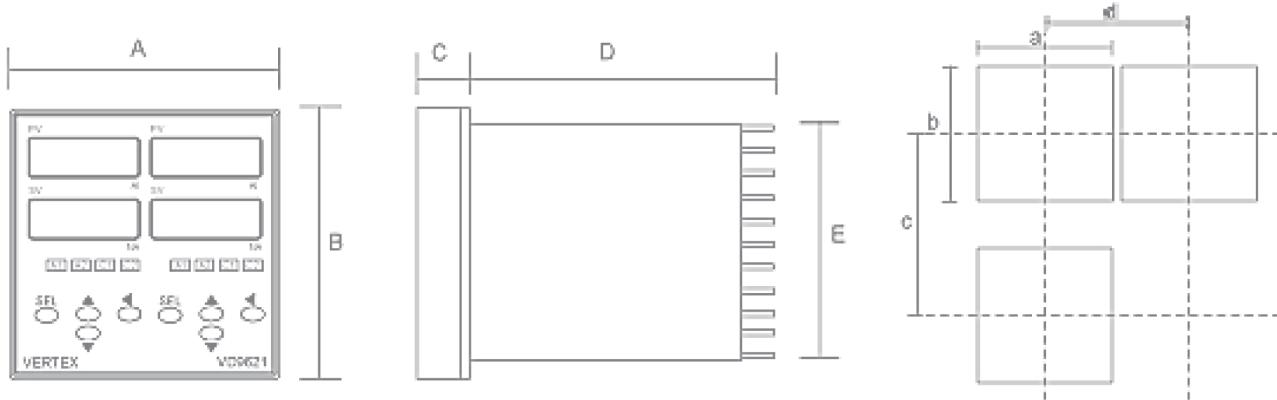
<u>FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION</u>	2
<u>PANEL CUTOUT</u>	3
<u>WIRING DIAGRAM</u>	3
<u>WIRING PRECAUTIONS</u>	3
<u>PROGRAMMING LEVEL PARAMETERS</u>	4
<u>PARAMETER DESCRIPTION</u>	5
<u>USER LEVEL</u>	5
<u>SOFT LEVEL</u>	6
<u>PID LEVEL</u>	6
<u>OPTION LEVEL</u>	7
<u>SCALING FOR LINEAR INPUT</u>	8
<u>ALARM FUNCTION</u>	9
<u>ALARM MODE</u>	9
<u>AUTOMATIC AND MANUAL OUTPUT</u>	10
<u>CONTROL</u>	
<u>AUTO TUNE</u>	10
<u>ERROR MESSAGE AND TROUBLE</u>	11
<u>SHOOTING</u>	
<u>ATTACHMENT</u>	13

■FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION :



Code	Display& Indicator	Description
1 / 1	PV	Displays the actual measurement of the input sensor. Displays the parameter index code.
2 / 2	SV	Displays the set value. Displays the parameter data.
11 / 11	AT	When the controller is auto tuning. The rightmost decimal on the PV display will blink. When the tuning process is finished or stopped, the decimal will cease blinking and disappear.
12 / 12	MA	When the manual control mode is selected. The rightmost decimal on SV display will blink.
3 / 3	A1	A1 status LED indicator (Alarm 1 relay status LED) This LED is lit in red when the alarm 1 relay is active.
4 / 4	A2	A2 status LED indicator (Alarm 2 relay status LED) This LED is lit in red when the alarm 1 relay is active.
5 / 5	C1	C1 status LED indicator (Control output 1 status LED) Illuminates in green when the control output 1 is active.
6 / 6	C2	C2 status LED indicator (Control output 2 status LED) Illuminates in green when the control output 2 is active.

Code	Key	Description
7 / 7	SET	Press once to access the next programmable parameter. Press this key for 5 seconds to reset alarm timer.
8 / 8	▲	Press to increase the set point or parameter value.
9 / 9	▼	Press to decrease the set point or parameter value.
10 / 10	◀	1. SHIFT KEY. 2. Press the shift key for 5 seconds to execute Auto Tune process (Yes. 1)

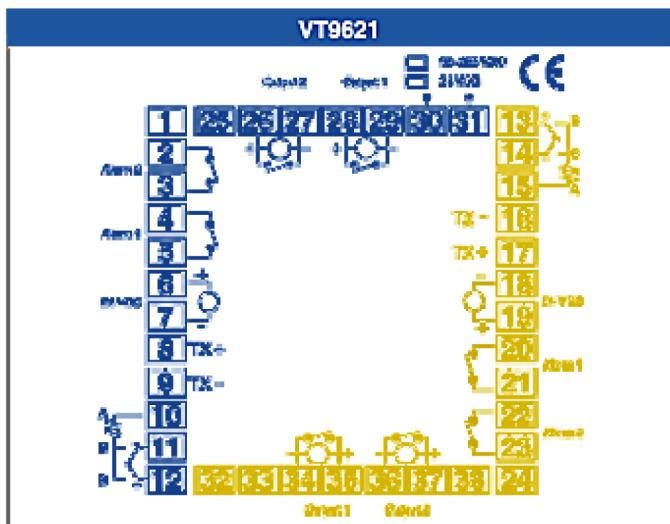


PANEL CUTOUT :

(Unit: mm)

Model型號	A	B	C	D	E	a	b	c	d
VT-9621	96	96	10	80	91	91+0.5	91+0.5	120	96

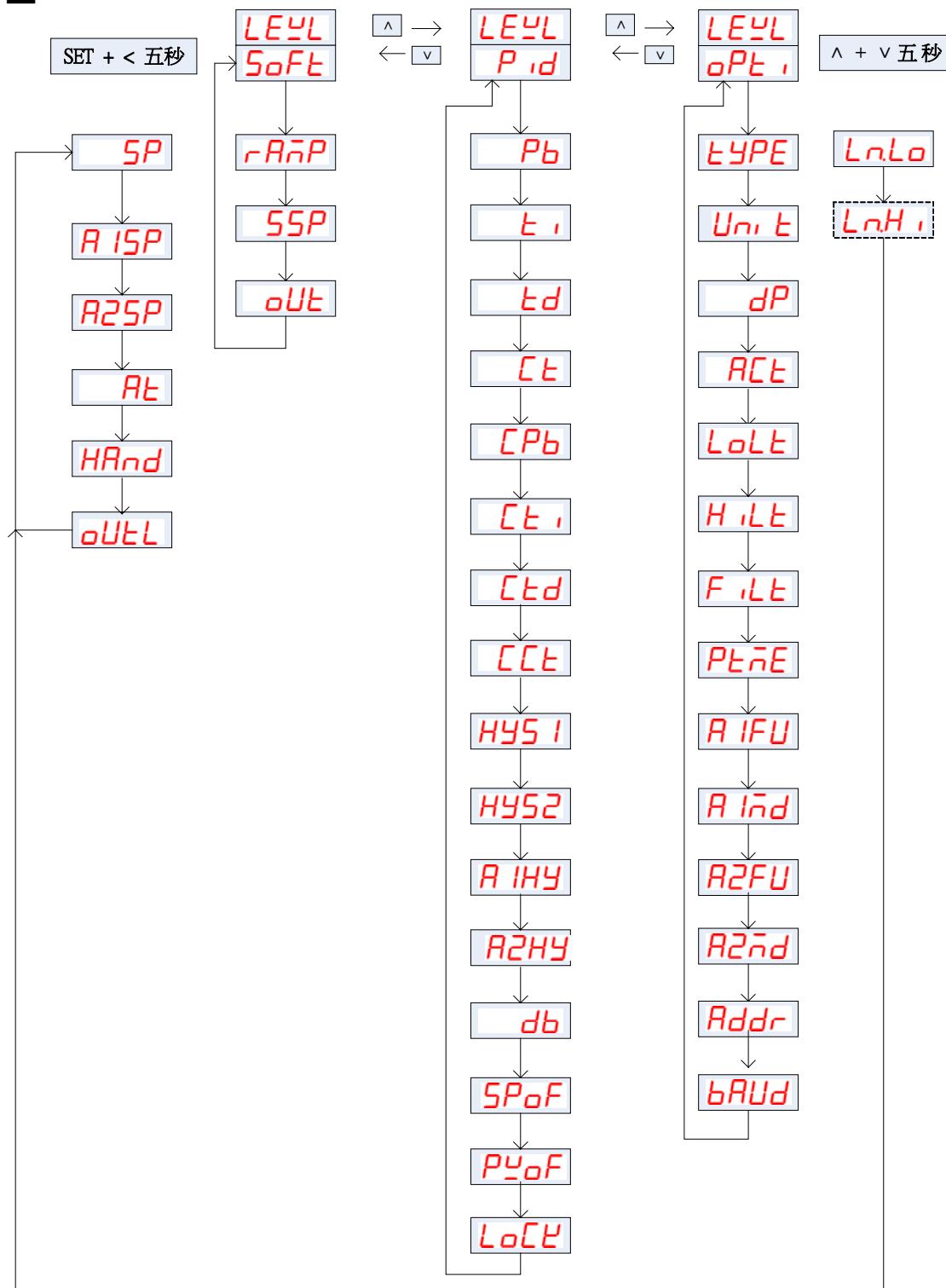
■ WIRING DIAGRAM :



■ WIRING PRECAUTIONS:

1. Before wiring, verify the controller label for correct model number and option.
2. For thermocouple input, use the appropriate compensation wire. And note the polarity of input signal.
3. To avoid noise induction, keep input signal wire away from instrument power line, load lines and power lines of other electric equipment.

■ PROGRAMMING LEVEL PARAMETERS



1. When 2nd Output (Cooling) is not selected, CPb、Cti、Ctd、HYS2 and db parameters are not available.
2. When Pb ≠ 0.0 , HYS1 will be skipped.
3. When CPb ≠ 0.0 , HYS2 will be skipped.
4. When Pb = 0.0 , ti 、td will be skipped.
5. When CPb = 0.0 , Cti 、Ctd will be skipped.



■PARAMETER DESCRIPTION : (Refer to attachment for display format.)

LEVEL	<p>LEVEL Selection</p> <p>Press SET+ keys for at least 5 seconds to access SoFT Level. Use A or V key to select programming level. Then press SET key to enter this level.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">LEVEL</th><th style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">SoFT</td><td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Soft Level</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">P id</td><td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">PID Level</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">oPT</td><td style="text-align: center; padding: 2px;">Option Level</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	LEVEL	Description	SoFT	Soft Level	P id	PID Level	oPT	Option Level
LEVEL	Description								
SoFT	Soft Level								
P id	PID Level								
oPT	Option Level								

■USER LEVEL

CODE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT
SP	Set point value of control	LoLt — HiLt	500
R1SP	Alarm 1 set point value/ Timer set value while A1FU is set to T.on or T. off, the unit can be HH.MM or MM.SS. It depends on the “P.tnE” parameter.	-1999 — 9999/ 00.00~99.59	10
R2SP	Alarm 2 set point value/ Timer set value while A2FU is set to T.on or T. off, the unit can be HH.MM or MM.SS. It depends on the “P.tnE” parameter.	-1999 — 9999/ 00.00~99.59	10
RE	no : Auto-tuning is disable YES.1 : Standard type auto-tuning. Autotune PV is compared wit SV during auto tuning. YES.2 : Low PV type auto-tuning. PV is compared with SV-10%FS during Auto-tuning.	no YES.1 YES.2	no no
HRnd	no : Disable the manual mode Manual control YES : Enable the manual mode.	no YES	no
oUTL	Output percentage. Adjustable when “Hand” is set to “Yes”	-100.0 — 100.0	0.0





■SOFT LEVEL

CODE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT
<i>rRnP</i>	Ramp rate for the process value to limit an abrupt Change of process.(°C/min.)	0 - 9999 (0.0 – 999.9)	0.0
<i>SSP</i>	Set point value of soft-start	LoLt – HiLt	0
<i>oUT</i>	Output percentage of soft-start	0.0 - 100.0	100.0

■PID LEVEL

CODE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT
<i>Pb</i>	Proportional band variable. Set to 0.0 for ON/OFF control mode.	0.0-300.0%	10.0
<i>Ei</i>	Integral time (Reset). This value is automatically calculated by activating the Autotune function. If desired, the user can later adjust this parameter to better suit the application. When PB=0.0, this parameter will be not available. When set to zero, Pb & td ≠ 0 for PD control.	0-3600sec	240
<i>Ed</i>	Derivative (Rate). This value is automatically calculated by activating the Auto tune function. If desired, the user can later adjust this parameter to better suit the application. When PB=0.0, this parameter will be not available. When set to zero, Pb & td ≠ 0 for PI control.	0-900sec	60
<i>Ct</i>	Proportional cycle time of output 1.	0-100sec	15
<i>CPb</i>	Proportional band variable for secondary control output (cooling). Set 0.0 for ON/OFF.	0.0-300.0%	10.0
<i>Cti</i>	Integral time for secondary control output. When PB=0.0, this parameter will be not available. When set to zero, Pb & td ≠ 0 for PD control.	0-3600sec	240
<i>Ctd</i>	Derivative time for secondary control output. When PB=0.0, this parameter will be not available. When set to zero, Pb & ti ≠ 0 for PI control.	0-900sec	60
<i>CCt</i>	Proportional cycle time of output 2.	0-100sec	15
<i>HYS1</i>	Hysteresis for ON/OFF control on output 1.	0-2000(0.0-200.0)	1
<i>HYS2</i>	Hysteresis for ON/OFF control on output 2.	0-2000(0.0-200.0)	1
<i>R1HY</i>	Hysteresis of alarm 1.	0-2000	0
<i>R2HY</i>	Hysteresis of alarm 2.	0-2000	0
<i>db</i>	Dead band value. This defines the area in which output 1 and	-1000-1000	0

	output 2 are both active (negative value) or the area in which output 1 and output 2 are both inactive (positive value).	(-100.0-100.0)	
<i>SPoF</i>	Set point offset. This value will be added to SV to perform control. It mainly used to eliminate offset error during P control.	-1000-1000 (-100.0-100.0)	0
<i>PVoF</i>	Process value offset. Permits the user to offset the PV indication from the actual PV.	-1000-2000 (-100.0-200.0)	0
<i>LoCR</i>	Parameter lock. This security feature locks out selected levels or single parameters prohibiting tampering and inadvertent programming changes.	0100	
	0000 All parameters are locked out.		
	0001 Only SP is adjustable		
	0010 Only USER level is adjustable		
	0011 USER and PID levels are adjustable.		
	0100 USER,PID,OPTI levels are adjustable.		
	0101 USER,SOFT,PID,OPTI levels are adjustable.		
	0101~0111 All parameters in all levels are opened.		



■OPTION LEVEL

CODE	DESCRIPTION			RANGE	DEFAULT
<i>EYPE</i>	Input type selection.		Refer to figure		<i>H</i>
	<i>EYPE</i>	RANGE(<i>oC</i>)	RANGE(<i>oF</i>)		
	<i>J</i>	-50 ~ 1000	-58 ~ 1832		
	<i>H</i>	-50 ~ 1370	-58 ~ 2498		
	<i>E</i>	-270 ~ 400	-454 ~ 752		
	<i>E</i>	-50 ~ 750	-58 ~ 1382		
	<i>b</i>	0 ~ 1800	32 ~ 3272		
	<i>r</i>	0 ~ 1750	32 ~ 3182		
	<i>S</i>	0 ~ 1750	32 ~ 3182		
	<i>n</i>	-50 ~ 1300	-58 ~ 2372		
	<i>C</i>	-50 ~ 1800	-58 ~ 3272		
	<i>d-Pt</i>	-200 ~ 850	-328 ~ 1652		
	<i>J-Pt</i>	-200 ~ 650	-328 ~ 1202		
	<i>L inE</i>	-1999 ~ 9999			
<i>Unit</i>	Unit of process value			<i>oC</i> : Degrees C. <i>oF</i> : Degrees F. <i>Eng</i> : Engineer unit for linear input.	<i>oC</i>
<i>dP</i>	Decimal point selection. 0000 : No decimal point.			0000 000.0	0000

	000.0 : 0.1 resolution 00.00 : 0.01 resolution, used for linear input only. 0.000 : 0.001 resolution, used for linear input only. After change decimal point, please reconfirm the parameter.	00.00 0.000	
<i>RCE</i>	Output 1 control action. <i>rE^U</i> : Reverse action for heating. <i>d ir</i> : Direct action for cooling.	<i>rE^U</i> <i>d ir</i>	<i>rE^U</i>
<i>LoLE</i>	Low limit of span or range. Set the low limit lower than the lowest expected SV and PV display.	Full range	0
<i>H iLE</i>	High limit of span or range. Set the high limit higher than highest expected SV and PV display.	Full range	1000
<i>F iLE</i>	Software filter.	0.0-99.9	10.0
<i>PEnE</i>	Time scale for timer alarm. <i>HHnn</i> Hours:Minutes; <i>nnSS</i> Minutes:Seconds	00.00~99.59	00.00
<i>A1FU</i>	Alarm 1 function. Refer to alarm function section for detail. If A1FU=None, it means alarm fuction is cancelled.	None, Hi, Lo, dif.H, dif.L, bd.Hi , bd.Lo t.on, t.oFF	<i>d iFH</i>
<i>A1nd</i>	Alarm 1 mode. Refer to alarm mode section for detail..	none, Stdy, Lath, St.La	<i>nonE</i>
<i>A2FU</i>	Alarm 2 function. Refer to alarm function section for detail If A2FU=None, it means alarm fuction is cancelled.	none, Hi, Lo, dif.H, dif.L, bd.Hi, bd.Lo t.on, t.oFF	<i>d iFL</i>
<i>A2nd</i>	Alarm 2 mode. Refer to alarm mode section for detail.	none, Stdy, Lath, St.La	<i>nonE</i>
<i>Addr</i>	Address of controller when communication with master device.	0 - 255	0
<i>bAUD</i>	Communication baud rate. 2.4k=2400bps, 4.8k=4800 bps, 9.6k=9600 bps, 19.2k=19200 bps	2.4k, 4.8k 9.6k, 19.2k	9.6k

■SCALING FOR LINEAR INPUT

1. Press **A + V** keys simultaneously for 5 seconds to access “LnLo” parameter.
2. Adjust *LnLo* setting to correspond the low scale and after adjustment press SET key once to access “LnHi” parameter.
3. Adjust *LnH* setting to correspond the high scale and after adjustment press SET key once for normal operation.

CODE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE	DEFAULT
<i>LnLo</i>	Low Scale of Linear Input	-1999~9999(-199.9~999.9)	0.0
<i>LnH</i>	High Scale of Linear Input	-1999~9999(-199.9~999.9)	100.0



■ ALARM FUNCTION

<i>R1FU/R2FU</i>	ALARM TYPE	ALARM OUTPUT OPERATION
<i>nonE</i>	Alarm function OFF	Output OFF
<i>H+</i>	Process high alarm	
<i>Lo</i>	Process low alarm	
<i>d1FH</i>	Deviation high alarm	
<i>d1FL</i>	Deviation low alarm	
<i>bdH+</i>	Band high alarm	
<i>bdLo</i>	Band low alarm	
<i>t.on</i>	On-timer	
<i>t.off</i>	Off-timer	

■ ALARM MODE

<i>R1nd/R2nd</i>	DESCRIPTION
<i>nonE</i>	Normal alarm mode/ When timer function is selected, PV<SV timer function is not available.
<i>Stdy</i>	Standby mode When selected, in any alarm function, prevents an alarm on power on. The alarm is enabled only when the process value reach alarm set point. Also known as “Startup inhibit” and is useful for avoiding alarm trips during startup.
<i>LREH</i>	Latch mode. When selected, the alarm output and indicator latch as the alarm occurs. The alarm output and indicator will be energized even if the alarm condition has been cleared unless the power is shut off.

	When Timer function is selected, PV< SV timer function is available.
SEL.R	Standby and latch mode



■ AUTOMATIC AND MANUAL OUTPUT CONTROL

Automatic control is the normal mode of controller operation. In automatic control mode the controller automatically adjust the control output percentage by PID algorithm so that the PV=SV. The PID parameter Pb, Ti and Td can be also calculated by Auto Tune procedure.

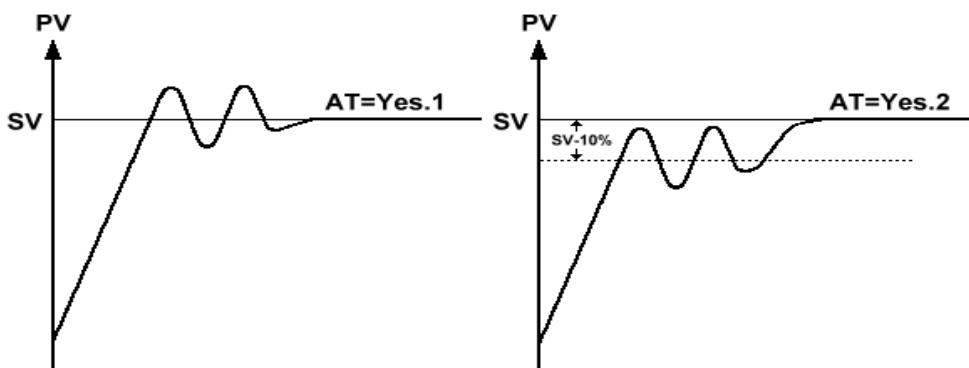
Manual control allows the user to manually drive the output percentage from 0.0 to 100.0%. To access the manual mode, set the “*HAnd*” parameter to “*YES*”, the rightmost decimal (MA) on SV display will flash. Then the “*oUeL*” parameter will display alternately “*oUeL*” and process value. The output percentage then can be adjusted by pressing UP or DOWN key.

To abort the manual control just simply set the “*HAnd*” to “*no*”.

■ AUTO TUNE

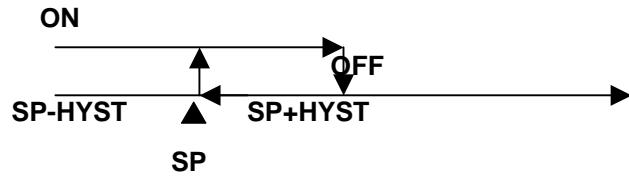
In order to automatically set the PID parameter in PID level (“Pb” proportional band, “ti: integral time or reset and “td” derivative time or rate), first adjust the controller’s set point to a value, which closely approximates your application. Set the “*AT*” parameter to “*YES.1*” for standard type auto tune or “*YES.2*” for low PV type auto tune. The right-most decimal point (AT) on the PV display begins flashing. The auto tune procedure will take two cycle oscillations. After that, the controller performs PID control with the “learned” PID value to verify the results. Finally the PID values will be entered into the nonvolatile memory and then start the Fuzzy enhanced PID control. The auto tune process can last from several minutes up to two hours, depending on the system’s parameter. A time out error will occur if the auto tune process can not be completed within two hours, in this case, try to set the PID parameters manually.

To abort an auto tune process, simply set the “*AT*” parameter to “*no*”.

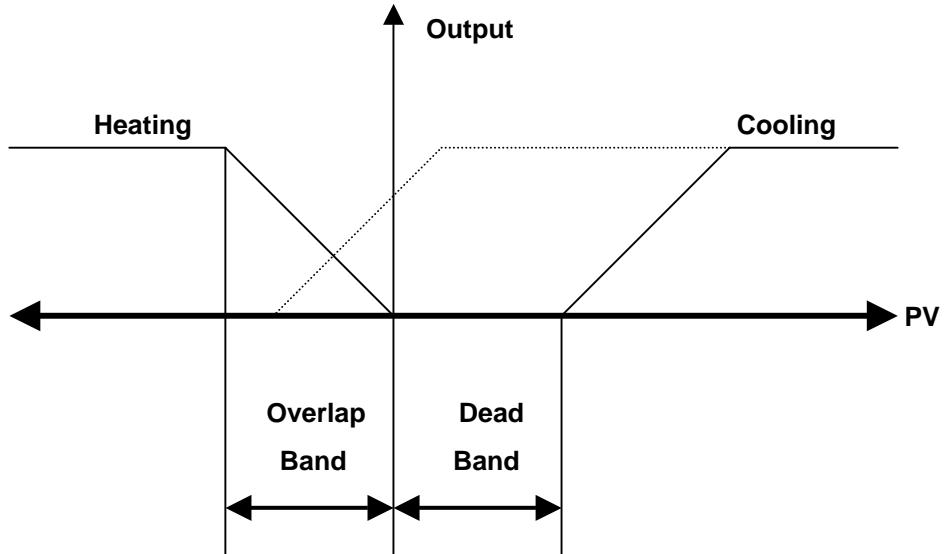


The controller can also be set to ON/OFF, PI, PD and P control mode. Set Pb = 0 for ON/OFF control mode. Set ti = 0 for PD control mode. Set td = 0 fro PI control mode and ti, td = 0 fro P control mode. The

Hysteresis (dead band) of ON/OFF control can be set as follow:



When the second control output (output 2) is equipped the proportional band of output 2 and dead band are defined as follow:



■ERROR MESSAGE AND TROUBLE SHOOTING

Symptom	Probable	Solution
P _U Display flashing	Incorrect wiring for input	Check correct input sensor selection.
	Input signal out of range	Adjust proper values for H_{LT} and L_{LT} parameter as request.
	Input signal doesn't correspond to input E_{TYPE}	Adjust a proper value for E_{TYPE} parameter as request.
oPE _n	Incorrect wiring for input	Check correct input sensor selection.
	Sensor abnormal	Check the sensor is connected correctly./ Replace senor.
	the input hardware damage by too high linear input	Set a proper value for high limit
	Input signal doesn't correspond to input E_{TYPE}	Adjust a proper value for E_{TYPE} parameter as request.
R _{EE} r	Auto tune error	Set the values for P_b 、 E_t 、 E_d manually.
R _{dE} r	Analog switch IC abnormal	Return the controller to supplier and advise the correct signal information to supplier.
	Abnormal high voltage/surge for input signal	
	The linear input signal which is actual used is higher than ordering sepc.	
CSE _r	Controller memory IC abnormal	Check if the signal is abnormal and return the controller to supplier.
	Abnormal high voltage/surge for power source or input terminal	
Control Function	Control output action isn't fit for request.	Check the setting of A_{CE} parameter. rE^U : heating d_{ir} : cooling
	A_E parameter can't be adjusted	When $P_b=0.0$, A_E can't be done.
		When $HRnd= YES$, A_E can't be done.
	$oUEL$ parameter can't be adjusted.	When $HRnd= no$, $oUEL$ parameter can't be adjusted
	The error is far than process value.	Check the setting value for P_{UOF} . Set $P_{UOF}=0$ to see if the error is eliminated.
	The error is far than setting value.	Check the setting for E_{TYPE} and Un_it and adjust the values as your request.
	Control output continues while error message appears.	Check the setting value for SP_{OF} . Set $SP_{OF}=0$ to see if the error is eliminated.
	Control output doesn't stop while the setting value is exceeded.	When $HRnd= YES$, manual output control doesn't limit by error message.
		When control LED is on, check the setting value for SP_{OF} . Set $SP_{OF}=0$ to see if the error is eliminated.
		When $HRnd= YES$, manual output control doesn't limit by SP .
Alarm function	The settings $R1SP$, $R1HY$, $R2SP$,and $R2HY$ are limited.	Check if output still act.
		Check if the other parameter regarding to $R1FU$ 、 $R2FU$ are correct.
RS-485 Communication	RS-485 error	Check if the RS-485 module is equipped.
		Communication software should fit ModBus RTU protocol
		Check if $Addr$ parameter is correspond to the software address setting.
		Check if $bRud$ parameter is correspond to the software address setting.

■ATTACHMENT

Display Format	Parameter Notation						
<i>SP</i>	SP/SV	<i>SPoF</i>	SPOF	<i>d.FL</i>	DIF.L	<i>E</i>	E
<i>PY</i>	PV	<i>PYoF</i>	PVOF	<i>bDH</i>	BD.HI	<i>b</i>	B
<i>A1SP</i>	A1SP	<i>LoCH</i>	LOCK	<i>bDLo</i>	BD.LO	<i>r</i>	R
<i>A2SP</i>	A2SP	<i>TYPE</i>	TYPE	<i>tOn</i>	T.ON	<i>S</i>	S
<i>AT</i>	AT	<i>Un iT</i>	UNIT	<i>tOff</i>	T.OFF	<i>n</i>	N
<i>HAnd</i>	HAND	<i>dP</i>	DP	<i>Stdy</i>	STDY	<i>C</i>	C
<i>oUTL</i>	OUTL	<i>ACT</i>	ACT	<i>LATH</i>	LATH	<i>d-PT</i>	D-PT
<i>rAnP</i>	RAMP	<i>LoLT</i>	LOLT	<i>StLA</i>	ST.LA	<i>J-PT</i>	J-PT
<i>S.SP</i>	S.SP	<i>HILT</i>	HILT	<i>oPEn</i>	OPEN	<i>LinE</i>	LINE
<i>oUT</i>	OUT	<i>FILT</i>	FILT	<i>AtEr</i>	ATER	<i>oC</i>	°C
<i>Pb</i>	PB	<i>PTME</i>	PTME	<i>AdEr</i>	ADER	<i>oF</i>	°F
<i>t</i>	TI	<i>A1FU</i>	A1FU	<i>CSEr</i>	CSER	<i>EnG</i>	ENG
<i>td</i>	TD	<i>A1Md</i>	A1MD	<i>SoFT</i>	SOFT	<i>rEY</i>	REV
<i>Ct</i>	CT	<i>A2FU</i>	A2FU	<i>Pid</i>	PID	<i>d ir</i>	DIR
<i>CPb</i>	CPB	<i>A2Rd</i>	A2MD	<i>oPE</i>	OPTI	<i>HHm</i>	HHMM
<i>Ct</i>	CTI	<i>Addr</i>	ADDR	<i>no</i>	NO	<i>nn55</i>	MMSS
<i>Ctd</i>	CTD	<i>baud</i>	BAUD	<i>YES.1</i>	YES.1	<i>t.on</i>	T.ON
<i>Cct</i>	CCT	<i>LnLo</i>	LNLO	<i>YES2</i>	YES.2	<i>tOff</i>	T.OFF
<i>HYS1</i>	HYS1	<i>LnH</i>	LNHI	<i>YES</i>	YES	<i>24E</i>	2.4K
<i>HYS2</i>	HYS2	<i>nonE</i>	NONE	<i>USER</i>	USER	<i>4.8E</i>	4.8K
<i>A1HY</i>	A1HY	<i>H</i>	HI	<i>J</i>	J	<i>9.6E</i>	9.6K
<i>A2HY</i>	A2HY	<i>Lo</i>	LO	<i>E</i>	K	<i>19.2E</i>	19.2K
<i>db</i>	DB	<i>d.FH</i>	DIF.H	<i>t</i>	T		

